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**63/1 (SEM-6) CC13/ZOOHC6136**

**2024**

**ZOOLOGY**

Paper : ZOOHC6136

**( *Developmental Biology* )**

*Full Marks : 60*

*Pass Marks : 24*

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct answer from the following  
**(any five):** 1×5=5
- (a) The gradual growth through a series of progressive changes is called
- (i) Cleavage
  - (ii) Blastula
  - (iii) Development
  - (iv) Transduction

*Contd.*

- (b) Spermiogenesis Changes
- (i) Spermatogonium to primary spermatocyte
  - (ii) Primary Spermatocyte to secondary spermatocyte
  - (iii) Secondary spermatocyte to spermatid
  - (iv) Spermatid to mature sperm
- (c) Which cells of the testis provide nourishment to spermatozoa ?
- (i) Interstitial cells
  - (ii) Spermatogonia
  - (iii) Sertoli cells
  - (iv) Leydig cells
- (d) The correct sequence of the process of development after fertilization is
- (i) Cleavage → Gastrulation → Blastulation → Development
  - (ii) Cleavage → Gastrulation → Organogenesis → Growth

- (iii) Organogenesis → Morulation → Cleavage → Implantation
  - (iv) Gastrulation → Morulation → Blastulation → Growth
- (e) The hormone which is not produced by the placenta
- (i) Tri-iodothyronine
  - (ii) Progesterone
  - (iii) Chorionic gonadotropin
  - (iv) Estrogens
- (f) Morula is an embryonic developmental stage which is formed
- (i) Between blastocyst and Gastrula
  - (ii) Between Zygote and Blastocyst
  - (iii) Between Gastrula and Fertilization
  - (iv) Between Implantation and Parturition

(g) The organ that acts as the organ of nutrient, waste and gas exchange between mother and the developing offspring is

- (i) Heart
- (ii) Lungs
- (iii) Placenta
- (iv) Nerve

(h) The hormone that regulates gene expression during molting of insects is

- (i) 20-hydroxyecdysone
- (ii) Progesterone
- (iii) Juvenile hormone
- (iv) Thyroxine

(i) The part of the oviduct where fertilization of the ovum takes place is

- (i) Fimbriae of oviduct
- (ii) Isthmus of oviduct

(iii) Ampulla of oviduct

(iv) Any region of oviduct

(j) During oogenesis, the first primary oocyte arrest occurs at which stage ?

- (i) Prophase
- (ii) Metaphase
- (iii) Anaphase
- (iv) Telophase

2. Write short notes on **any five** of the following : 2×5=10

- (a) Cell-Cell interaction
- (b) Organogenesis
- (c) Gametogenesis
- (d) Bilateral Cleavage
- (e) Regeneration during the embryonic development
- (f) Zona Pellucida
- (g) Amniocentesis

3. Write answer on **any five** of the following:  
5×5=25

- (a) Spermiogenesis
- (b) Differentiation and growth
- (c) Cytoplasmic determinants
- (d) Implantation of human embryo
- (e) Planes of Cleavage
- (f) Fate map
- (g) Teratogenesis and its causes
- (h) Egg membranes and their functions
- (i) Embryonic induction

4. Answer the following questions : (**any two**)  
10×2=20

- (a) What do you mean by fertilization ? Describe the process of fertilization in mammal.
- (b) What is extra-embryonic membrane of a bird ? Describe the various functions of extra-embryonic membranes.

- (c) Describe the different types of eggs with suitable diagrams.
  - (d) Write the structure, types and function of placenta in human.
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