

2 0 1 2

PHILOSOPHY

( Major )

Paper : 3.1

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following : 1×10=10
- (a) Name the four Vedas.
- (b) "Caitanya viśiṣṭa deha eva ātmā." Which school propounds this view?
- (c) What is the source of knowledge according to Cārvāka?
- (d) Mention the names of four famous Upaniṣads.
- (e) Does Jaina philosophy believe in the transmigration of the soul?

- (f) "The Bauddha believes in a beginningless and endless Ātman." Is it true?
- (g) What are the two main divisions of Jaina?
- (h) Is there any concept of God in Bauddha philosophy?
- (i) Who is known as the founder of Jaina philosophy?
- (j) "The Cārvāka is a naturalistic philosophy." Is it true?

2. Answer the following in brief :

2×5=10

- (a) In the opinion of the Cārvāka, the four elements have created the world out of their very nature. What are they?
- (b) What is Tripiṭaka?
- (c) What are the Four Noble Truths of Buddhism?
- (d) Why is Bauddha regarded as a Nāstika philosophy?
- (e) What is Anekāntavāda in Jaina philosophy?

3. Answer the following (any four) : 5×4=20

- (a) Explain in brief, the Buddhist concept of Anātmavāda.
- (b) Discuss five general characteristics of Indian philosophy.
- (c) Explain Syādvāda of Jaina philosophy.
- (d) Explain briefly the Cārvāka materialism.
- (e) "Indian philosophy is pessimistic in outlook." Do you accept it?
- (f) What is the 'Theory of Dependent Origination'? Discuss.

4. What are the various schools of Indian philosophy? Discuss briefly each of them. 2+8=10

Or

What are the points of difference between Vedic and non-Vedic philosophy in India? Explain. 10

5. Find out the important points that distinguish the Cārvāka school from the other two Nāstika schools like the Bauddha and the Jaina. 10

Or

Explain briefly the Cārvāka Epistemology.

6. "The Upaniṣads are rightly regarded as the fountain-head of all Indian philosophy." Discuss. 10

*Or*

Explain the Jaina theory of knowledge.

7. What is Nirvāṇa? Critically discuss the Buddhist concept of Nirvāṇa. 10

*Or*

Critically discuss the concept of soul in Buddha philosophy.

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**3 (Sem-3) PHL M 2**

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**PHILOSOPHY**

**( Major )**

**Paper : 3.2**

**( History of Modern Western Philosophy )**

*Full Marks : 80*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following : 1×10=10

- (a) Name the rationalist philosopher who wants to give philosophy a stable character like mathematics.
- (b) Was Leibnitz a monist, dualist or pluralist?
- (c) Who conceives substance as a centre of force?
- (d) Leibnitz gave three principal grades of monads. What are they?
- (e) What are the three substances believed by Descartes?