

3 (Sem-2) EDN M 1

2016

EDUCATION

(Major)

Paper : 2·1

(Development of Education in India)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(a) Write the meaning of the word 'Veda'.

(b) Admission age at Buddha Sangha was
_____ years.

(Fill in the blank)

(c) Write the name of the institution where
secondary education was provided in
Muslim period of education.

(d) Name the person who translated *Bibel*
into Assamese.

(e) Write the full form of DPEP.

(f) The first Primary Education Act was passed in the year, 1928/1926/1954.

(Write the correct answer)

(g) University Education Commission was appointed in the year, 1882/1854/1948/1964.

(Write the correct answer)

(h) Who was the Chairman of Indian Education Commission?

(i) Write the other name of basic education.

(j) In which year Right to Education (RTE) Act was passed?

2. Answer the following questions in brief :

2×5=10

(a) Name two indigenous institution of ancient India.

(b) Write two objectives of Buddhist system of education.

(c) Write two drawbacks of Muslim education in mediaeval India.

(d) State the educational clause inserted in the Charter Act of 1813.

(e) Write two reasons for failure of basic education.

3. Answer any *four* of the following questions :

5×4=20

- (a) Write briefly about the aims and objectives of education in the Vedic period.
- (b) Write five recommendations of Wood's Despatch of 1854.
- (c) Write the recommendation of Sadler Commission regarding Secondary Education.
- (d) Write briefly about 'Operation Black-board' Scheme.
- (e) State briefly the aims and objectives of university education as suggested by University Education Commission.
- (f) What are the constitutional provisions of Indian Education regarding women education?

4. Answer the following questions :

10×4=40

- (a) Give a brief account of the education system that was prevalent in Muslim education in mediaeval India.

Or

Write briefly about the centres of learning during Buddhist period.

- (b) Why is Wardha Scheme of education called basic education? Analyse the merits and demerits of this education.

Or

State the principles of curriculum construction as recommended by Secondary Education Commission.

- (c) What are the problems in the implementation of universalization of primary education in Assam? What steps would you suggest to remove these?

Or

“There cannot be an educated people without educated women.” Show the importance of women’s education in the light of the above statement.

- (d) State the problems of higher education in Assam. Discuss in detail.

Or

Write about the important suggestions of Rammurthi Committee.
