

2014

EDUCATION

( Major )

Paper : 5.1

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Fill in the blanks/Answer the following questions : 1×7=7

(a) Epistemology is the branch of philosophy which is concerned with the problems of —.

(b) According to idealism, the spirit is the fundamental constituent of the —.

(c) The basis of administration in a democracy is the — of all the classes.

(d) According to yoga philosophy to engage the mind on some internal subject is —.

- (e) The pragmatists believe that comprehensive education is a concept of education which is based on the philosophy of — education.
- (f) "The subject of supreme truth is of immense importance." Which philosophy advocated this?
- (g) In which method of philosophy, thesis, antithesis and synthesis are involved?

2. Answer briefly the following questions :  $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What are the three steps involved in the process of gaining knowledge according to Vedic Philosophy?
- (b) What are the two types of female students in Gurukul system in Vedic India?
- (c) Explain the concept of Samadhi in Yoga philosophy.
- (d) What are the five values that constitutes "Five Pillars of Islam"?

3. Write short answer of any *three* from the following questions :  $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) What are the ten rules to be followed by Sramana in Buddhistic Sangha System?

- (b) State the significance of 'Astangik Marg' as steps for achieving enlightenment according to Buddhistic philosophy.
- (c) Describe the changes which you think are necessary to make education truly democratic in our schools.
- (d) Examine critically the functions of educational philosophy in the context of present-day knowledge era.
- (e) State the basic principles of pragmatism.

4. Answer any *three* from the following questions : 10×3=30

- (a) "Education may be regarded as the practical side of philosophy and philosophy the intellectual aspect of education." How far would you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your viewpoint.
- (b) "It is in educational ideals, not in methods that naturalism fails to satisfy." How far do you agree with this view? Give reasons.

- (c) "Indian education today, needs to be revitalised with elements of idealism." Examine this statement and give arguments for or against it.
- (d) State the importance of teacher, curriculum and teaching method in a democratic education system.
- (e) Give an account of the basic philosophy of Vedic education.
- (f) Evaluate the educational implications of the Yoga philosophy.

\*\*\*